

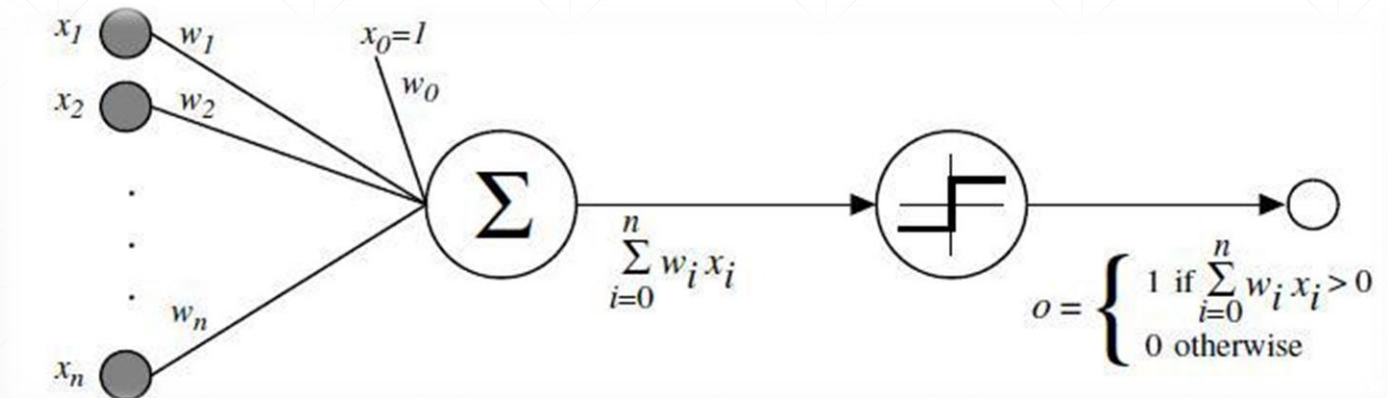


单输出感知机及其梯度

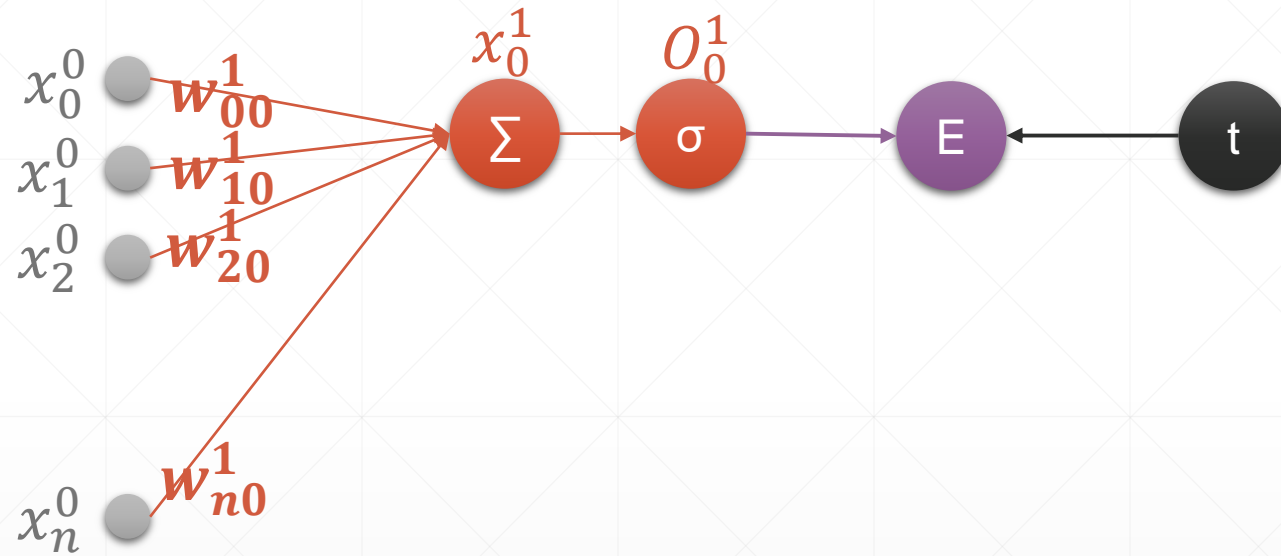
主讲：龙良曲

recap

- $y = XW + b$
- $y = \sum x_i * w_i + b$



Perceptron with Sigmoid+MSE



Derivative

$$E = \frac{1}{2} (O_0^1 - t)^2$$

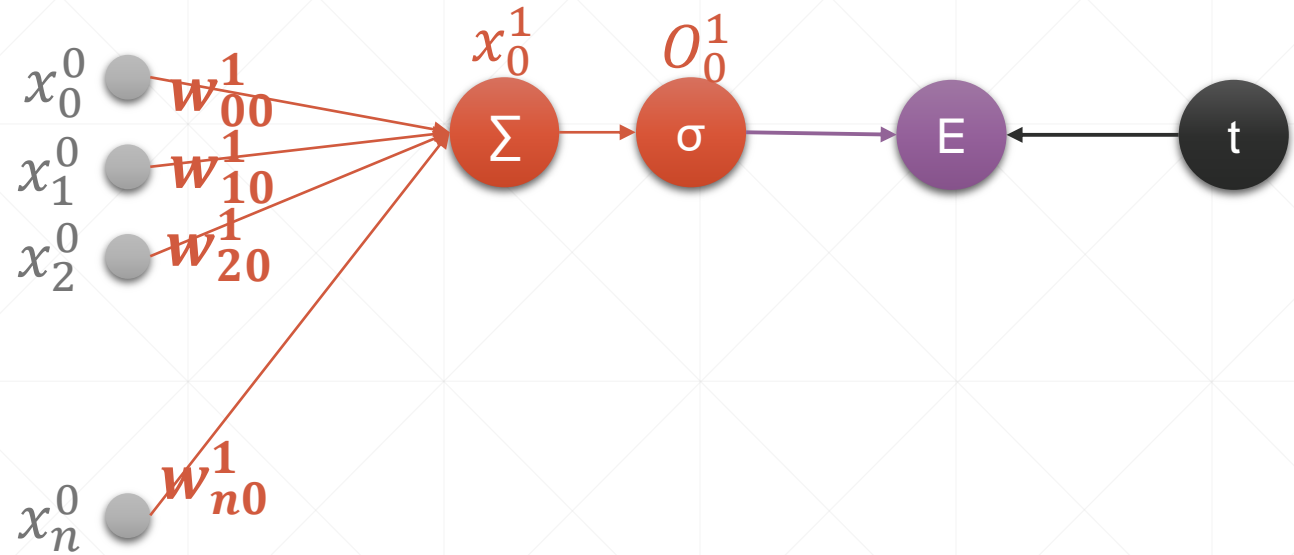
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{j0}} = (O_0^1 - t) \frac{\partial O_0^1}{\partial w_{j0}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{j0}} = (O_0^1 - t) \frac{\partial \sigma(x_0)}{\partial w_{j0}}$$

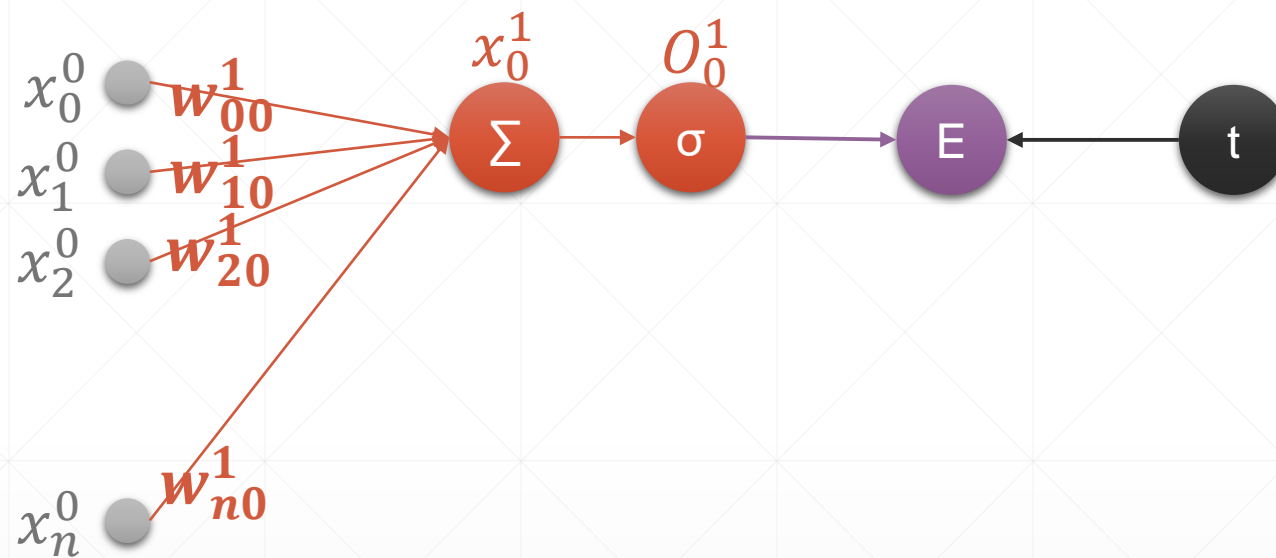
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{j0}} = (O_0^1 - t) \sigma(x_0)(1 - \sigma(x_0)) \frac{\partial x_0^1}{\partial w_{j0}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{j0}} = (O_0^1 - t) O_0^1 (1 - O_0^1) \frac{\partial x_0^1}{\partial w_{j0}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{j0}} = (O_0^1 - t) O_0^1 (1 - O_0^1) x_j^0$$



Perceptron



$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{j0}} = (O_0 - t) O_0 (1 - O_0) x_j^0$$



```
x=tf.random.normal([1,3])
w=tf.ones([3,1])
b=tf.ones([1])
y = tf.constant([1])

with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
    tape.watch([w, b])
    logits = tf.sigmoid(x@w+b)
    loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.losses.MSE(y, logits))

grads = tape.gradient(loss, [w, b])
w grad: tf.Tensor(
[[ -0.00478814]
 [ -0.00588211]
 [  0.00186196]], shape=(3, 1), dtype=float32)
b grad: tf.Tensor([ -0.00444918], shape=(1,), dtype=float32)
```

下一课时

多层感知机梯度

Thank You.
